

Presented by
THE UNIVERSITY
MUSICAL SOCIETY
OF THE
UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

### Gala Opening Concert

## Detroit Symphony Orchestra

# PHILIPPE ENTREMONT Guest Conductor and Pianist

James Westwater, Multimedia Artist

Gordon Staples, Violinist Edouard Kesner, Violinist Nathan Gordon, Violist Italo Babini, Cellist

Ann Arbor Summer Festival Chorus Donald Bryant, Director

Saturday Evening, June 30, 1984, at 8:00 Power Center for the Performing Arts Ann Arbor, Michigan

#### PROGRAM

Overture, "Le Corsaire," Op. 21	. Berlioz
Suite from "Appalachian Spring"	Copland
"La création du monde" (string quartet and piano)	

#### INTERMISSION

Immediately following this evening's concert, you are invited to join Marcel Marceau at the Top of the Park (above the adjacent Fletcher Street parking structure), where he will introduce his filmed mime performance of "La creation du monde." In case of rain, the film will be shown inside the Power Center.

A gala benefit reception with a French flavor honored Marcel Marceau and Philippe Entremont prior to tonight's concert. Thanks go to the reception committee headed by Phyllis Wright, assisted by Mary Branch, Cindy Colton, Rosalie Edwards, Judith Goodman, Helen Mann, Charlotte McGeoch, Shirley Oliver, Agnes Reading, Anne Rubin, Ann Schriber, Jerry Weidenbach, and Sally White.

#### PROGRAM NOTES

Overture, "Le Corsaire," Op. 21 ...... Hector Berlioz (1803-1869)

Berlioz wrote this concert overture, based upon Byron's The Corsair, in 1831 and revised it extensively thirteen years later. The work was first performed in Paris on January 19, 1845, with the composer conducting from the manuscript

Speculation over the nebulous background and genesis of this work has run rampant over the years. It is true that Berlioz was enchanted with Byron's works and followed the Corsair in his desperate adventures. It is also true that unrequited love affairs and contemplated murders and suicides were not uncommon to Berlioz. Furthermore, the title of the Overture when it first appeared was La Tour de Nice, a name derived from a ruined tower rising high above the sea, and a second title was Le Corsaire rouge, apparently after James Fenimore Cooper's novel of 1827. Sir Donald Francis Tovey lays to rest this endless speculation in his Essays in Music Analysis: "Berlioz has now twice induced me to read works of Byron, which otherwise I might have failed to read; and I can proudly claim now to have read them for their own sake, since the light they throw upon Berlioz' music is nil. The Overture to Le Corsaire is as salty a seapiece as has ever been written. To me it is one of Berlioz' most attractive works."

The major characteristic of Copland's music is an abiding Americanism which expresses itself in all of his works. Among his most familiar ballet scores is *Appalachian Spring*, composed for the eminent modern dancer Martha Graham. The ballet, an evocation of the simple folk and customs of America of the last century, was commissioned by the Elizabeth Sprague Coolidge Foundation and first performed in 1944 in the Library of Congress. It was the recipient of the Pulitzer Prize in 1945, and in the same year received the New York Music Critics Circle award.

The composer describes his collaboration with Miss Graham: "The music of the ballet takes as its point of departure the personality of Martha Graham. I have long been an admirer of her work. She, in turn, must have felt a certain affinity for my music, because in 1931 she chose my Piano Variations as background for a dance composition called 'Dithyramb.' Miss Graham sent me an untitled script...I began work on the music in 1943 but I didn't complete it until a year later. The title was chosen by Miss Graham. She borrowed it from a Hart Crane poem, although the ballet bears no relation to the poem's text."

In 1945 Copland arranged some of the outstanding portions of the music into an orchestral suite which includes eight sections, played without interruption. It begins at the dedication of a new Pennsylvania farmhouse for a young farmer and his bride. Other characters are an old pioneering woman, a revivalist who grapples with Sin, and four apprentice preachers. The music evokes tenderness and passion in the duo for the Bride and her Beloved; jubilation and exaltation for the Revivalist and his flock; the Bride's solo dance, with its extremes of joy and fear; and scenes of daily activity for the Bride and her farmer-husband, from which emerges an old Shaker theme derived from the Pennsylvania melody, "The Gift to be Simple."

Concertgoers this evening have the unique opportunity to experience simultaneously James Westwater's visual scoring of *Appalachian Spring*, as he employs his slides in a dissolve technique to depict the nature, history, and people of that region.

Although Darius Milhaud was familiar with American jazz in France and its influence on European music, his first trip to New York in 1922 had a lasting effect on him. In his biography, "Notes Without Music," he writes about his visit to Harlem that year: "The music I heard was absolutely different from anything I had ever heard before, and was a revelation to me. This authentic music had its roots in the darkest corners of the Negro soul, the vestigial traces of Africa, no doubt. Its effect on me was overwhelming. As soon as I came back from the United States, I got in touch with Fernand Leger and Blaise Cendrars, with whom I was to work on a new ballet for Rolf de Mare. Cendrars chose for his subject the creation of the world, going for his inspiration to African folklore, in which he was well versed. At last, in La Création du monde, I had the opportunity I had been waiting for to use those elements of jazz to which I had devoted so much study, and I made wholesale use of the jazz style to convey a purely classical feeling."

The ballet was first performed in Paris in 1923. The action occurs in semi-darkness, with the dancers emerging out of the gloom. Giant deities of Creation appear in council; the confused mass begins to move. Suddenly a tree appears, and then various animals; the animals join in a dance during which two bodies emerge. While the pair performs the dance of desire, the remaining mass dissolves into human beings, who join in a mad and dizzying round. The crowd breaks into small groups and disappears, leaving the black Adam and Eve embraced in a prolonged kiss of springtime.

The composer later made the version heard here, for string quartet and piano, performed tonight by first-desk players of the Detroit Symphony Orchestra and Mr. Entremont.

The piano used in this performance is a Bösendorfer Imperial Grand, courtesy of Kimball International and Arnoldt Williams, Canton, Michigan.

Ravel began to work on the ballet *Daphnis et Chloe* in 1909 and completed it in 1911. The work was commissioned by Serge Diaghilev, to whom it is dedicated. The first performance of the complete ballet was given by the Ballet Russe at the Châtelet in Paris in 1912; Pierre Monteux conducted, Michel Fokine the choreographer, Leon Bakst the designer, and Tamara Karsavina and Vaslav Nijinsky the leading dancers. The composer intended that all performances of the complete ballet and of the subsequent orchestral suites include a chorus of mixed voices, singing without words.

The scenario, by Fokine, is based on the classical tale written by Longus, a Greek poet who lived during the fourth century B.C. It deals with Daphnis' love for Chloe, her abduction by pirates, and her rescue and return to Daphnis by Pan.

Ravel made clear his intentions in *Daphnis et Chloe* when he wrote his autobiography (1928): "In writing it, my intention was to compose a vast musical fresco, concerning itself less with archaic fidelity than with fidelity to the Greece of my dreams, which in many ways resembled that imagined and depicted by the French artists of the latter end of the 18th century. The work is constructed symphonically, but the tonal plan is kept severely in check by the employment of a very few themes, whose elaboration ensures that the work shall be homogeneous . . ."

Ravel arranged two suites from the original score, the first in 1911 and the second a short time later. The suites are based on the second and third sections, respectively, of the original ballet score.



Philippe Entremont, one of France's foremost musicians, has won great acclaim for three decades as a concert pianist and, in the last sixteen years, as a conductor. He has performed as piano soloist with most of the world's major orchestras, his tours taking him to five continents for performances with orchestras and recitals. As conductor, he has led such orchestras as the Royal Philharmonic, Vienna Symphony, Warsaw Philharmonic, and Orchestre National de France, and in this country he has guest-conducted the symphonies of San Francisco, Detroit, Houston, and Philadelphia. Since 1980 he has been Music Director and Conductor of the New Orleans Philharmonic, taking that ensemble on its first European tour in 1982. He led the Vienna Chamber Orchestra on its 1981 American tour, which included Ann Arbor.

Mr. Entremont is the former President of the Ravel Academy in St. Jean-de-Luz, and is the recipient of many honors, including the Grand Prix du Disque (four times), the Netherlands Edison Award, and is a Knight of the Legion d'Honneur.

This evening's concert marks Mr. Entremont's seventh Ann Arbor appearance as a pianist, and his second as conductor.

The Detroit Symphony Orchestra, founded in 1914, has earned a reputation of undisputed excellence throughout the country. Each season, the DSO presents more than 200 concerts at home and on tour in Michigan and the United States. The Orchestra offers a Young People's Concert series, gives free concerts at city schools, shopping malls, and Hart Plaza. The DSO has repeatedly been invited to perform at Carngie Hall, before the United Nations, and at the Kennedy Center for the Performing Arts in Washington, D.C.

In 1964 the DSO established its summer residence at the Meadow Brook Music Festival on the campus of Oakland University. With its pastoral setting and beautiful natural amphitheater, it is now one of the most popular summer music festivals in the country.

Eurotour '79 placed the Detroit Symphony Orchestra in the international spotlight, as Maestro Antal Dorati led the DSO through 24 concerts in eight European capitals. The Orchestra earned rave reviews, numerous encores, and standing ovations.

The DSO, with a current roster of 102 players, is presently under a recording contract with London Records. In 1977 the Orchestra's performances of the nine Beethoven symphonies were filmed for television and shown on the PBS

The Orchestra's first concert in Ann Arbor took place in 1919; this evening's concert marks its 59th appearance here under Musical Society auspices.

James Westwater's wide ranging interests have carried him from Alaska, where he photographed with the Institute of Polar Studies, to Antarctica, where he was artist for the National Science Foundation; and from photography filling hardcover books to orchestral photographic productions in many of the nation's concert halls with distinguished orchestras. Twice a National Endowment for the Arts Resident Artist, Mr. Westwater has pioneered the integration of multiple screen photography and live symphonic music. His production, The Wilderness Suite, to be presented July 24 in the final program of this Festival, was premiered in Washington's Kennedy Center by the National Symphony Orchestra. Appalachian Suite, a recent work seen this evening, was premièred by The Cleveland Orchestra.

Mr. Westwater earned a Ph.D. in Educational Development, with studies in philosophy, aesthetics, art history, cinema, and multimedia production. He is a recipient of the Antarctic Medal, a past fellow of the Explorers Club, and has produced multimedia presentations in cooperation with the National Geographic Society and the Institute of Polar

Studies

## Detroit Symphony Orchestra

**GUNTHER HERBIG** Music Director-Designate

ANTAL DORATI Conductor Laureate

KENNETH JEAN Resident Conductor

Assistant Conductor

FIRST VIOLINS\*\* Gordon Staples† Concertmaster

Bogos Mortchikian Associate Concertmaster

Joseph Goldman Gordon Peterson Assistant Concertmasters

Misha Rachlevsky Linda Snedden-Smith Derek Francis Alan Gerstel Nicholas Zonas LeAnn Toth Beatriz Budinszky Malvern Kaufman Richard Margitza Margaret Tundo Elias Friedenzohn Santo Urso Geoffrey Applegate Ann Alicia Ourada Velda Kelly\*\*\*

SECOND VIOLINS\*\* Edouard Kesner† Felix Resnick\* Alvin Score Lillian Fenstermacher Iames Waring Lenore Iatzko Walter Maddox Roy Bengtsson Thomas Downs Robert Murphy Ronald Fischer Joseph Striplin Bruce Smith Gabriel Szitas

Marguerite Deslippe Stacey Woolley VIOLAS.

Nathan Gordon† David Ireland\* Philip Porbe Eugenia Staszewski LeRoy Fenstermacher Hart Hollman Walter Evich Gary Schnerer Catherine Compton Vincent J. Lionti Glenn Mellow Darryl Jeffers

VIOLONCELLOS\*\* Italo Babini†

James C. Gordon Chair Marcy Chanteaux\* John Thurman Mario DiFiore David Levine Barbara Hassan Debra Favroian David Saltzman Paul Wingert Carole Gatwood Haden McKay

BASSES

Stephen Molina Maxim Janowsky Linton Bodwin Stephen Edwards Craig Rifel Donald Pennington Marshall Hutchinson

Robert Gladstone†

Raymond Benner\*

HARP Elyse Ilku† FLUTES Ervin Monroet Shaul Ben-Meir Robert Patrick\*

Clement Barone **PICCOLO** Clement Barone

OBOES Donald Baker† John Snow Robert Sorton\* Treva Womble

Treva Womble CLARINETS Paul Schaller† Douglas Cornelsen Laurence Liberson\*

**ENGLISH HORN** 

E-FLAT CLARINET Laurence Liberson

**BASS CLARINET** Oliver Green

Oliver Green

**BASSOONS** Robert Williams† Kirkland Ferris Paul Ganson\* Lyell Lindsey

CONTRABASSOON Lyell Lindsey HORNS

Eugene Wadet

Bryan Kennedy

MICHAEL KRAJEWSKI

Corbin Wagner Willard Darling Mark Abbott\* Keith Vernon

TRUMPETS Ramon Parcells† Kevin Good Alvin Belknap\* Gordon Smith

**TROMBONES** Raymond Turner† Joseph Skrzynski Nathaniel Gurin\* Thomas Klaber

Wesley Jacobs† Salvatore Rabbio† Robert Pangborn\*

PERCUSSION Robert Pangborn† Norman Fickett\* Raymond Makowski Sam Tundo

LIBRARIAN Elkhonon Yoffe Charles Weaver, assistant

PERSONNEL MANAGER Oliver Green

Stephen Molina, assistant

†Principal \*Assistant Principal

Activities of the Detroit Symphony Orchestra are made possible, in part, with the support of the State of Michigan through funds from the Michigan Council for the Arts.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Some members of the section voluntarily rotate seating on a periodic basis. \*\*\*Orchestral Fellow, The Music Assistance Fund.

### ANN ARBOR SUMMER FESTIVAL CHORUS

Donald Bryant, *Director* Beth Lipson, *Manager* Nancy Hodge and Robert Pazur, *Accompanists* 

First Sopranos Mary Ellen Auch Sharon Barlow Susan Campbell Cheryl Cunningham Kathryn Foster-Elliott Sylvia Jenkins Cheryl Jordan Carolyn Leyh Doris L. Luecke Loretta Meissner Margaret Nesse Marie Phillips Suzanne Schluederberg Alice Schneider Margaret Warrick Joanne Westman

Second Sopranos
Kathleen Bergen
Lois Briggs
Barbara Carron
Doris Datsko
Judith Lehmann
Mary Loewen
Kim Mackenzie
Barbara Nordman
Sara Peth
Rachel Shefner
Patricia Tompkins
Barbara Wallgren
Rachelle Warren
Christine Wendt

First Altos
Yvonne Allen
Martha Ause
Kathlyn Boyer
Marion Brown
Carol Carpenter

Sally Carpenter Ellen Collarini Cheryl Cox Mary Crichton Angeleen Dahl Carolyn Ehrlich Marilyn Finkbeiner Nancy Houk Carol Hurwitz Gretchen Jackson Olga Johnson Nancy Karp Mary Anne Long Frances Lyman Tamber McPike Marian Miner Lois Nelson Shelley Rankin Elaine Sargous Linda Siebert Jari Smith Leah Stein Jane Van Bolt Suzanne Williams Charlotte Wolfe Bobbie Wooding

Second Altos
Anne Abbrecht
Alice Dobson
Andrea Foote
Mary Haab
Dana Hull
Cheryl Melby
Mary Peterson
Mary Price
Margaret Sharemet
Carol Spencer
Kathryn Stebbins

Cynthia Urbytes Alice Warsinski Helen Wolford

First Tenors
William Bronson
Charles Cowley
Joseph Kubis
Paul Lowry
Robert MacGregor

Second Tenors
Albert Girod
Donald Haworth
Ted Hefley
Daniel Kaller
James Priore
Carl Smith

First Basses
Thomas Cox
William Hale
William Ling
Eric Neiswender
Brad Pritts
James Schneider
Donald Williams

Second Basses
Glenn Davis
Bruce Dicey
John Dunkelberger
Charles Lehmann
Raymond Schankin
Robert Shellenberger
Robert Strozier
Terril Tompkins
John Van Bolt