



THE UNIVERSITY MUSICAL SOCIETY OF THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN

Syntagma Musicum

KEES OTTEN, Director

KEES BOEKE

WALTER VAN HAUWE

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Тоуоніко Ѕатон

CHARLES TOET

RITA DAMS and MARIUS VAN ALTENA, Singers

Tuesday Evening, November 20, 1979, at 8:30 Rackham Auditorium, Ann Arbor, Michigan

Anno Domini 1501

Compositions by masters from the Low Countries edited in Venice by Ottaviono dei Petrucci da Fossombrone.

Ave Maria		Mabriano de Orto (d. 1529)
Latura tu		Antoine Bruhier (dates unknown)
Gentil prince (instrument	tal)	Anonymous
		PIERE DE LA RUE (c. 1460-1518)
Mon mignault		Antoine Busnoys (d. 1492)
Ma bouche rit		Johannes Оскеднем (с. 1430–1496)

Si dedero		
Si ascendero in caelum		
La alfonsina (instrumental) Johannes Ghiselin (d. 1535)		
Allons ferons barbe		
Royne du ciel LOYSET COMPERE		
Un franc archier (c. 1450–1518)		
INTERMISSION		
Ave regina caelorum		
Tandernaeken (instrumental)		
Rompeltier (instrumental) Jacob Obrecht		
La Tortorella (c. 1450–1505)		
La Strangetta (instrumental)		
La plus des plus		
En lombre d'ung buissonnet		
Domine ne in furore Josquin Des Prez		
La bernardina (instrumental) (c. 1440–1521)		
El grillo		

About the Artists and Instruments

Syntagma Musicum was founded in 1963 by a group of musicians who had specialized in early music performance technique, and who are devoted to the discovery and performance of unknown and long-forgotten works of art. Their name, Syntagma Musicum (meaning Musical Treatise), was taken from the title of a monumental work by Michael Praetorius, published between 1615 and 1620, a four-volume treasure house of information concerning the history of Western music, music theory and practice, and musical instruments up to his day. In their attempt to infuse music of the past with life, Syntagma Musicum members have amassed a large collection of authentic manuscripts and instruments. Limiting themselves to a period of six centuries—between 1050 and 1650—they strive for historical accuracy and original style of interpretations in order to recreate the music as it would have sounded in those days.

Kees Otten, founder and director of the ensemble, is the Netherland's leading exponent of the recorder and of recorder music. He also plays the clarinet, saxophone, krummhorn, shawm, and cornetto, and has performed in Amsterdam, London, Paris, Brussels, Copenhagen, and New York, and lectures and performs regularly in Germany, Scandinavia, and England. Both Mr. Otten and the Syntagma Musicum appeared in Ann Arbor in 1975.

Their collection of instruments is not only very extensive, but contains, to a large extent, virtually unknown reproductions of museum prototypes. These include the extensive recorder family, copies of Renaissance and Middle Age types, in addition to the more common Baroque types. There are also the shawm and curtal, precursors, respectively, of the oboe and bassoon. The members of the krummhorn family, namely the kurtholt and the shrill "Rauschpfiefe," had been completely forgotten. Extremely popular were the cornetts which are very difficult to handle, in particular the quite straight cornett and the expressive curved cornett. The most primitive wind instrument was the gemshorn, with its quite enticing flute sound. Extremely important instruments are the portative organ (a small portable pipe organ with hand-operated bellows) and the spinet. Among the string instruments, the primitive medieval fiddle and various types of the viol family are used. The extensive collection of percussion instruments contributes to the color and rhythmic variety of many of the Syntagma Musicum's interpretations.

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